

Cresvin™ Beta ≥ OHA's

Cresvin™ Beta
Beta Cell Saviour...

Plant Chemicals NGD	Patient Benefit PBT	Advantage ADV
Pterocarpus marsupium (Epicatechin / Pterostilbene)	Protects Beta Cell / Promotes Beta Cell Regeneration / Insulin Release Reduces Resistance	Increased Beta Cell Number Per Islet increases Adiponectin
Salacia reticulata (Salacinol / Kotanalol)	Modulates Multiple Targets Like PPAR γ Increase Glucose Uptake / Hepato-Protectant	Reduces FPG by 30%
Withania somnifera (Withanolides A)	Enhances Glucose Uptake in Skeletal Muscle Myotubes and Adipocytes / Reduces Stress	Reduces HbA1c / Reduction in Triglyceride and LDL Cholesterol
Gymnema sylvestre (Gymnemic acid)	Increases Serum Insulin Levels / Double Increase in Number of Beta Cells	Regeneration and Revitalization of residual Beta Cells
Curcumin (Curcuminoids)	Improves Endothelial Function / Reduces ROS	Increases the number of Small Pancreatic Islets and Prevents Insulinitis
Resveratrol	Enhances Mitochondrial Biogenesis / Clearance of Amyloid β Plaques/ Triggers Master Switch PGC α	Improves Insulin Resistance / Sirtuin Activation

Line of Treatment LOT	Patient Benefit PBT	Contraindication CON
Sulfonylurea (Glimipride)	Augments Insulin Secretion	Hypoglycemic, Caution Renal Insufficiency, Elderly Patients to Avoid
Thiazolidinediones (Rosiglitazone, Pioglitazone)	PPAR γ Receptor / Increased Insulin sensitivity	Liver, Leg Edema, Congestive Heart Failure
Biguanides (Metformin)	Reduced Hepatic Gluconeogenesis	GI Upsets, Lactic Acidosis, to be used only If Creatinine < 1.5mg/dl
Glinides (Repaglinides)	Bind SUR, Short Action	Hypoglycemic, Caution Renal Insufficiency
α -Glucosidase Inhibitor (Acarbose / Voglibose)	Inhibits brush border Enzymes / Reduces Glucose Absorption	Flatulence, Diarrhea
Incretins / GLP-1 (Exenatides)	Stimulates Insulin, Delays Gastric Emptying, Satiety	Nausea, Vomiting
DPP4 Inhibitors (Vildagliptin)	Inhibits GLP1 Breakdown	GI upsets and Side effects

**ORAL HYPOGLYCEMIC AGENTS
(OHA's)**